

W508 - CERAMIC BASED SHIELD 400 ml AMBRO-SOL

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: **W508**
Product name: **CERAMIC BASED SHIELD 400 ml AMBRO-SOL**
UFI: **XF60-W0DK-X00F-8NDC**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: **Aerosol ceramic anti-adhesive.**

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
Consumer	-	-	✓
Industrial Use	✓	-	-
Professional Use	-	✓	-

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: **AMBRO-SOL S.R.L.**
Full address: **Via per Pavone del Mella n.21**
District and Country: **25020 Cigole (BS) Italia**
Tel.: **+39 030 9959674**
Fax: **+39 030 959265**
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: **quality@ambro-sol.com**

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to

IT - Centro Antiveleni e Centro Nazionale di Informazione Tossicologica: Tel. 0382 24444 (IRCCS Fondazione Salvatore Maugeri - Pavia)
IT - Centro Antiveleni di Milano: Tel. 02 66101029 (Ospedale Niguarda Ca' Granda - Milano)
IT - Centro Antiveleni di Roma: Tel. 06 3054 343 (Policlinico Universitario A. Gemelli IRCCS - Roma)
IT - Centro Antiveleni di Bergamo: Tel. 800 883300 (ASST Papa Giovanni XXIII - Bergamo)
IT - Centro Antiveleni di Firenze: Tel. 055 794 7819 (Azienda Ospedaliera Universitaria Careggi - Firenze)
IT - Centro Antiveleni di Napoli: Tel. 081 5453333 (Azienda Ospedaliera A. Cardarelli - Napoli)

AT - Vergiftungsinformationszentrale (VIZ): Tel. +43 01 406 4343 (Austria)
BE - Belgisch Antigifcentrum: Tel. 070 245245 (Belgium)
BG - НАЦИОНАЛЕН ЦЕНТЪР ПО ТОКСИКОЛОГИЯ: Tel. +359 2 9154 233 (Bulgaria)
HR - Centar za kontrolu otrovanja: Tel. +385 1 2348342 (Croatia)
CY - Τμήμα Επιθεώρησης Εργασίας (TEE): Tel. 1401 (Cyprus)
CZ - Toxikologické informační středisko (TIS): Tel. +420 224 919 293 or +420 224 915 402 (Czech Republic)
DK - Gifflinjen: Ring 82 12 12 12 (Denmark)
EE - Mürgistusteabekeskus: Tel. 16662 (Estonia)
FI - Myrkytystietokeskus: Tel. 0800 147 111 or 09 471 977 (Finland)
FR - ORFILA (INRS): Tél. +33 (0) 1 45 42 59 59 (France)
DE - Giftnotruf der Charité Universitätsmedizin Berlin: Tel. +49 030 19240 (Germany)
GR - Κέντρο Δηλητηριάσεων: Τηλ. 210 7793777 (Greece)
HU - Egészségügyi Toxikológiai Tájékoztató Szolgálat (ETTSZ): Tel. +36 80 20 1199 (Hungary)
IS - Eitrunarmiðstöð: Tel. 543 2222 (Iceland)
IE - National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC): Tel. 01 8092566 or 01 8379964 (Republic of Ireland)

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LV - Latvian Poisons Information Centre: Tel. +371 67042473 (Latvia)LT -
Apsinuodijimų Informacijos biuras: Tel. 8-5 236 2052 (Lithuania)
LU - Giftinformationszentrum: Tel. +352 8002 5500 (Luxembourg)
NL - Nationaal Vergiftigingen Informatie Centrum (NVIC): Tel. 030 274 88 88
(Netherlands)
NO - Giftinformasjonene: Tel. 22 9 13 00 (Norway)
PL - Pomorskie Centrum Toksykologii: Tel. +58 682 04 04 (Poland)
PT - Centro de Informação Antivenenos (CIAV): Tel. 800 250 250 (Portugal)
RO - Biroul RSI Si Informare Toxicologica: Tel. 021 318 36 06 (Romania)
SK - Národné Toxikologické informačné centrum (NTIC): Tel. 02 5477 4166
(Slovakia)
SI - Center za klinično toksikologijo in farmakologijo: Tel. 112 (Slovenia)
ES - Servicio de Información Toxicológica (SIT) España: Tel.+34 91 562 04 20
(Spain)
SE - Giftinformationscentralen: Tel. 112 (Sweden)
CH - Schweizerisches Toxikologisches Informationszentrum (STIZ): Tel. +41 145
(Switzerland)
TR - UZEM: Tel. 114 (Turkey)
GB - National Poisons Information Service (NPIS) Tel. 0344 892 0111 (United
Kingdom)
Members of the Public: NHS 111 (England), NHS 24 (Scotland) or NHS Direct
(Wales)
USA - American Association of Poison Control Centers: Tel. 1 800 222 1222 (U.S.A.)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification**2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements:

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

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SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P261	Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

Contains:	Acetone N-butyl acetate Methyl acetate
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2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
Acetone		
CAS	67-64-1 $51 \leq x < 55$	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC	200-662-2	
INDEX	606-001-00-8	
Reg. no.	01-2119471330-49-XXXX	
Propane		
CAS	74-98-6 $19 \leq x < 23$	Flam. Gas 1A H220, Press. Gas (Liq.) H280, Classification note/notes according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: U
EC	200-827-9	
INDEX	601-003-00-5	
Reg. no.	01-2119486944-21-0046	
Butane		
CAS	106-97-8 $9 \leq x < 11$	Flam. Gas 1A H220, Press. Gas (Liq.) H280, Classification note/notes according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C U
EC	203-448-7	
INDEX	601-004-00-0	
Reg. no.	01-2119474691-32-XXXX	
Titanium dioxide		
CAS	13463-67-7 $5 \leq x < 7$	
EC	236-675-5	
INDEX		
Reg. no.	01-2119489379-17-XXXX	
N-butyl acetate		
CAS	123-86-4 $3 \leq x < 5$	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC	204-658-1	
INDEX	607-025-00-1	
Reg. no.	01-2119485493-29-XXXX	
Methyl acetate		
CAS	79-20-9 $1 \leq x < 3$	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC	201-185-2	
INDEX	607-021-00-X	
Reg. no.	01-2119459211-47-XXXX	
Isobutane		
CAS	75-28-5 $1 \leq x < 3$	Flam. Gas 1A H220, Press. Gas H280
EC	200-857-2	
INDEX	601-004-00-0	
Reg. no.	01-2119485395-27-XXXX	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		
CAS	108-65-6 $0 \leq x < 0,5$	Flam. Liq. 3 H226
EC	203-603-9	
INDEX	607-195-00-7	
Reg. no.	01-2119475791-29-XXXX	

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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients ... / >>

Methanol

CAS 67-56-1 $0 \leq x < 0,5$

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H331, STOT SE 1 H370

EC 200-659-6

INDEX 603-001-00-X

Reg. no. 01-2119433307-44-XXXX

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

CAS 1330-20-7 $0 \leq x < 0,5$

Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Classification note/notes according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C

EC 215-535-7

INDEX 601-022-00-9

Reg. no. 01-2119488216-32-XXXX

Ethylbenzene

CAS 100-41-4 $0 \leq x < 0,5$

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373

EC 202-849-4

INDEX 601-023-00-4

Reg. no. 01-2119489370-35-XXXX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

The product is an aerosol containing propellants. For the purposes of calculation of the health hazards, propellants are not considered (unless they have health hazards). The percentages indicated are inclusive of the propellants.

Percentage of propellants: 30,50 %

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

If overheated, aerosol cans can deform, explode and be propelled considerable distances. Put a protective helmet on before approaching the fire. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

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SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not disperse in the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use inert absorbent material to soak up leaked product. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not spray on flames or incandescent bodies. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Do not breathe spray.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a place where adequate ventilation is ensured, away from direct sunlight at a temperature below 50°C / 122°F, away from any combustion sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

DEU	Deutschland	TRGS 900 - Seite 1 von 69 (Fassung 29.03.2019)- Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte
ESP	España	LÍMITES DE EXPOSICIÓN PROFESIONAL PARA AGENTES QUÍMICOS EN ESPAÑA 2019 (INSST)
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
GRC	Ελλάδα	ΕΦΗΜΕΡΙΔΑ ΤΗΣ ΚΥΒΕΡΝΗΣΕΩΣ - ΤΕΥΧΟΣ ΠΡΩΤΟ Αρ. Φύλλου 152 - 21 Αυγούστου 2018
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
PRT	Portugal	Ministério da Economia e do Emprego Consolida as prescrições mínimas em matéria de protecção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos para a segurança e a saúde devido à exposição a agentes químicos no trabalho - Diário da República, 1.ª série - N.º 111 - 11 de junho de 2018
POL	Polska	ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA RODZINY, PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia 12 czerwca 2018 r
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Third edition, published 2018)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2020

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

Acetone

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	1200	500	2400 (C)	1000 (C)	
MAK	DEU	1200	500	2400	1000	
VLEP	FRA	1210	500	2420	1000	
TLV	GRC	1780		3560		
VLEP	ITA	1210	500			
VLE	PRT	1210	500			
NDS/NDSch	POL	600		1800		
WEL	GBR	1210	500	3620	1500	
OEL	EU	1210	500			
TLV-ACGIH			250		500	

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	10,6	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	1,06	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	30,4	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	3,04	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	21	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	100	mg/l
Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)	29,5	mg/kg
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	29,5	mg/kg/d
Normal value for the atmosphere	NPI	

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers		Chronic		Effects on workers			
	Acute	Acute	local	systemic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral			VND	62				
				mg/kg				
Inhalation			VND	200	VND	2,420	VND	1,210
				mg/m3		mg/m3		mg/m3
Skin			VND	62			VND	186
				mg/kg				mg/kg

Propane

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	1800	1000	7200	4000	
MAK	DEU	1800	1000	7200	4000	
VLA	ESP		1000			
TLV	GRC	1800	1000			
NDS/NDSch	POL	1800				

Butane

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	2400	1000	9600	4000	
MAK	DEU	2400	1000	9600	4000	
VLA	ESP		1000			Gases
VLEP	FRA	1900	800			
TLV	GRC	2350	1000			
NDS/NDSch	POL	1900		3000		
WEL	GBR	1450	600	1810	750	
WEL	GBR		4			RESP
TLV-ACGIH					1000	

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Titanium dioxide

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
VLA	ESP	10				
VLEP	FRA	10				
TLV	GRC		10			
NDS/NDSch	POL	10				INHAL
WEL	GBR	10				INHAL
WEL	GBR	4				RESP
TLV-ACGIH		10				

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	184	µg/l
Normal value in marine water	18,4	µg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	1000	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	100	mg/kg/d
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	100	mg/kg/d

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral				700				
				mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation							10	
							mg/m3	

N-butyl acetate

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	300	62	600 (C)	124 (C)	
VLA	ESP	724	150	965	200	
VLEP	FRA	710	150	940	200	
TLV	GRC	710	150	950	200	
NDS/NDSch	POL	240		720		
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200	
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150	
TLV-ACGIH			50		150	

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	180	µg/l
Normal value in marine water	18	µg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	981	µg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	98,1	µg/kg/d
Normal value of STP microorganisms	35,6	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	90,3	µg/kg/d

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral		2		2		2		2
		mg/kg bw/d		mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	300	300	35,7	12	600	600	300	48
	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
Skin	NPI	6	NPI	3,4	NPI	11	NPI	7
		mg/kg bw/d		mg/kg bw/d		mg/kg bw/d		mg/kg bw/d

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Methyl acetate

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	620	200	1240 (C)	400 (C)	
MAK	DEU	310	100	1240	400	
VLA	ESP	616	200	770	250	
VLEP	FRA	610	200	760	250	SKIN
TLV	GRC	610	200	760	250	
NDS/NDSch	POL	250		600		
WEL	GBR	616	200	770	250	
TLV-ACGIH		606	200	757	250	

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	120	µg/l
Normal value in marine water	12	µg/l

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral		NPI		44 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	VND	VND	152 mg/m3		VND	VND	305 mg/m3	610 mg/m3
Skin			NPI	44 mg/kg bw/d	NPI	VND	NPI	88 mg/kg bw/d

Isobutane

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV-ACGIH			800			

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50	
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50	
VLA	ESP	275	50	550	100	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	275	50	550	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	275	50	550	100	
VLEP	ITA	275	50	550	100	SKIN
VLE	PRT	275	50	550	100	SKIN
NDS/NDSch	POL	260		520		SKIN
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	635	µg/l
Normal value in marine water	63,5	µg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	3,29	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	329	µg/kg/d
Normal value of STP microorganisms	100	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	290	µg/kg soil dw

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral		NPI		36 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	NPI	NPI	33 mg/m3	33 mg/m3	550 mg/m3	NPI	NPI	275 mg/m3
Skin	NPI	NPI	NPI	320 mg/kg bw/d	NPI	NPI	NPI	796 mg/kg bw/d

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Methyl formate

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV-ACGIH		246	100			

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	115	µg/l
Normal value in marine water	11,5	µg/l

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation				14,29 mg/m3		VND		
Skin					VND	VND	NPI	

Methanol

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	270	200	1080	800	SKIN
MAK	DEU	130	100	260	200	SKIN
VLA	ESP	266	200			SKIN
VLEP	FRA	260	200	1300	1000	SKIN 11
TLV	GRC	260	200	325	250	
VLEP	ITA	260	200			SKIN
VLE	PRT	260	200			SKIN
NDS/NDSch	POL	100		300		SKIN
WEL	GBR	266	200	333	250	SKIN
OEL	EU	260	200			
TLV-ACGIH		262	200	328	250	SKIN

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	20,8	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	2,08	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	77	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	7,7	mg/kg/d
Normal value for water, intermittent release	1,54	g/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	100	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	100	mg/kg/d

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral		8 mg/kg bw/d		8 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	50 mg/m3	50 mg/m3	50 mg/m3	50 mg/m3	260 mg/m3	260 mg/m3	260 mg/m3	260 mg/m3
Skin		8 mg/kg bw/d		8 mg/kg bw/d		40 mg/kg bw/d		40 mg/kg bw/d

W508 - CERAMIC BASED SHIELD 400 ml AMBRO-SOL

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150	
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
VLE	PRT	221	50	442	100	SKIN
NDS/NDSch	POL	100		200		SKIN
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150	

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	327	µg/l
Normal value in marine water	327	µg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	12,46	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	12,46	mg/kg/d
Normal value of STP microorganisms	6,58	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	2,31	mg/kg/d

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				1,6 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				14,8 mg/m3			289 mg/m3	77 mg/m3
Skin				108 mg/kg bw/d				180 mg/kg bw/d

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

Ethylbenzene

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN
MAK	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN
VLA	ESP	441	100	884	200	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	88,4	20	442	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	435	100	545	125	
VLEP	ITA	442	100	884	200	SKIN
VLE	PRT	442	100	884	200	SKIN
NDS/NDSch	POL	200		400		SKIN
WEL	GBR	441	100	552	125	SKIN
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		87	20			

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	100	µg/l
Normal value in marine water	55	µg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	13,7	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	1,37	mg/kg/d
Normal value for water, intermittent release	55	µg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	9,6	mg/l
Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)	20	mg/kg
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	2,68	mg/kg/d

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers					
	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Acute	Chronic	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	
	local	systemic	local	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral		NPI			1,6				1,6
					mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	NPI	VND	NPI	15	293	VND	NPI	77	mg/m3
				mg/m3	mg/m3				
Skin		NPI		NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI	180	mg/kg
								bw/d	

Ethanol

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	380	200	1520	800	
MAK	DEU	380	200	1520	800	
VLA	ESP			1910	1000	
VLEP	FRA	1900	1000	9500	5000	
TLV	GRC	1900	1000			
NDS/NDSch	POL	1900				
WEL	GBR	1920	1000			
TLV-ACGIH				1884	1000	

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	960	µg/l
Normal value in marine water	790	µg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	3,6	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	2,9	mg/kg/d
Normal value for water, intermittent release	2,75	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	580	mg/l
Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)	380	mg/kg
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	630	µg/kg/d

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers					
	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Acute	Chronic	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	
	local	systemic	local	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral		NPI			87				87
					mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	950	NPI	NPI	114	1900	NPI	NPI	950	mg/m3
	mg/m3			mg/m3	mg/m3				
Skin	NPI	NPI	NPI	206	NPI	NPI	NPI	343	mg/kg
				mg/kg bw/d				bw/d	

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

Propan-2-ol

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	
AGW	DEU	500	200	1000	400	
MAK	DEU	500	200	1000	400	
VLA	ESP	500	200	1000	400	
VLEP	FRA			980	400	
TLV	GRC	980	400	1225	500	
NDS/NDSch	POL	900		1200		SKIN
WEL	GBR	999	400	1250	500	
TLV-ACGIH		492	200	983	400	

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	140,9	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	140,9	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	552	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	552	mg/kg/d
Normal value for water, intermittent release	140,9	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	2,251	g/l
Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)	160	mg/kg
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	28	mg/kg/d

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute		Chronic		Acute		Chronic	
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral	VND	VND	VND	26	VND	VND	VND	VND
Inhalation	VND	VND	VND	89	VND	VND	VND	500
Skin	VND	VND	VND	319	VND	VND	VND	888
				mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.
VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

None required.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, a mask with a type AX filter combined with a type P filter should be worn (see standard EN 14387).

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	aerosol	
Colour	colourless	
Odour	characteristic of solvent	

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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties ... / >>

Odour threshold	Not available
pH	Not available
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	Not available
Boiling range	Not available
Flash point	< 0 °C
Evaporation Rate	Not available
Flammability of solids and gases	flammable gas
Lower inflammability limit	Not available
Upper inflammability limit	Not available
Lower explosive limit	Not available
Upper explosive limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	Not available
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	0,73 g/ml
Solubility	insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available
Explosive properties	not applicable
Oxidising properties	not applicable

9.2. Other information

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) :	90,57 % - 661,14	g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon) :	61,80 % - 451,14	g/litre
Solvent base	Acetone	

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

N-butyl acetate

Decomposes on contact with: water.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. On contact with: strong oxidising agents.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

Acetone

Risk of explosion on contact with: bromine trifluoride, fluorine dioxide, hydrogen peroxide, nitrosyl chloride, 2-methyl-1,3 butadiene, nitromethane, nitrosyl perchlorate. May react dangerously with: potassium tert-butoxide, alkaline hydroxides, bromine, bromoform, isoprene, sodium, sulphur dioxide, chromium trioxide, chromyl chloride, nitric acid, chloroform, peroxy monosulphuric acid, phosphoryl oxychloride, chromosulphuric acid, fluorine, strong oxidising agents, strong reducing agents. Develops flammable gas on contact with: nitrosyl perchlorate.

N-butyl acetate

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Reacts violently with: strong oxidants, strong acids, nitric acid, perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

Ethylbenzene

Reacts violently with: strong oxidants. Attacks various types of plastic materials. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating.

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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity ... / >>

Acetone

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat,naked flames.

N-butyl acetate

Avoid exposure to: moisture,sources of heat,naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong reducing or oxidising agents, strong acids or alkalis, hot material.

Acetone

Incompatible with: acids,oxidising substances.

N-butyl acetate

Incompatible with: water,nitrates,strong oxidants,acids,alkalis,zinc.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Incompatible with: oxidising substances,strong acids,alkaline metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Acetone

May develop: ketenes,irritant substances.

Ethylbenzene

May develop: methane,styrene,hydrogen,ethane.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

Information on likely routes of exposure

N-butyl acetate

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

Methanol

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

Ethylbenzene

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

N-butyl acetate

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

Methanol

The minimum lethal dose for humans by ingestion is considered to be in the range from 300 to 1000 mg/kg. Ingestion of 4-10 ml of the substance may cause permanent blindness in adult humans (IPCS).

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SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

Ethylbenzene

As the counterparts of benzene, may have an acute effect on the central nervous system, with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and associated with headache (Ispesi). Is irritating for skin, conjunctiva and respiratory tract.

Interactive effects

N-butyl acetate

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:	> 20 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture:	>2000 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:	>2000 mg/kg

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

LD50 (Oral)	> 3000 mg/kg rat
LD50 (Dermal)	> 1700 mg/kg rabbit
LC50 (Inhalation)	5000 ppm/4h rat

Titanium dioxide

LD50 (Oral)	> 10000 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation)	5,12 mg/l/4h rat

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

LD50 (Oral)	> 5000 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Dermal)	> 5000 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation)	1805,05 ppm LC0 (4 h) rat

Butane

LC50 (Inhalation)	> 1442,738 mg/l/15min rat
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Propane

LC50 (Inhalation)	800000 ppm 15 min
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Ethylbenzene

LD50 (Oral)	3500 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Dermal)	15354 mg/kg Rabbit
LC50 (Inhalation)	17,2 mg/l/4h Rat

Methanol

LD50 (Oral)	1978 mg/kg bw rat
LC50 (Inhalation)	123,3 mg/l/4h rat

Acetone

LD50 (Oral)	5800 mg/kg bw
LD50 (Dermal)	7426 mg/kg bw guinea pig
LC50 (Inhalation)	> 20 mg/l/4h air

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Methyl acetate	
LD50 (Oral)	6482 mg/kg rat
LD50 (Dermal)	2000 mg/kg bw rat
LC50 (Inhalation)	49,2 mg//4h rabbit
N-butyl acetate	
LD50 (Oral)	> 10000 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Dermal)	> 5000 mg/kg rabbit
LC50 (Inhalation)	0,74 mg//4h Rat
Isobutane	
LC50 (Inhalation)	> 1442,738 mg//15min rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).
The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

Ethylbenzene

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2000).
Classified in Group D (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - (US EPA file on-line 2014).

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

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SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

Xylene (mixture of isomers)	
LC50 - for Fish	2,6 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	4,6 mg/l/72h
EC10 for Crustacea	1,9 mg/l/21d
Chronic NOEC for Fish	1,3 mg/l 56 days
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	960 µg/l 7 days
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	440 µg/l 73 h
Titanium dioxide	
EC50 - for Crustacea	26,45 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	100 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	985 µg/l 14 days
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	2,35 mg/l 21 days
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	1 mg/l 32 days
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	
LC50 - for Fish	> 100 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 100 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 100 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	> 10 mg/l 14 days
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	100 mg/l
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	1 g/l 4 days
Butane	
LC50 - for Fish	> 24,11 mg/l/96h
Propane	
LC50 - for Fish	85,82 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	41,82 mg/l/48h
Ethylbenzene	
LC50 - for Fish	4,65 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	2,1 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	5,15 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	3,3 mg/l 4 days
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	960 µg/l 7 days
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	3,95 mg/l 4 days
Methanol	
LC50 - for Fish	15,4 g/l/96h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	446,7 mg/l 28 days
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	208 mg/l 21 days
Acetone	
LC50 - for Fish	6,83 g/l
EC50 - for Crustacea	8,8 g/l/48h
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	1,659 g/l 28 days
Methyl acetate	
LC50 - for Fish	300 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	1,027 g/l
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	120 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	120 mg/l 72 h
N-butyl acetate	
LC50 - for Fish	18 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	32 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	246 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	23,2 mg/l 21 days
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	105 mg/l 72 h
Isobutane	
LC50 - for Fish	> 24,11 mg/l/96h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

W508 - CERAMIC BASED SHIELD 400 ml AMBRO-SOL

SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

Propane

Global Warming Potential (GWP): 3. Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP): 0.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Easily biodegradable. It is rapidly oxidized into the air by photochemical reaction.

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Solubility in water 146 - 208 mg/L @ 25 °C and pH 7 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

Titanium dioxide

Solubility in water < 0,001 mg/l

Degradability: information not available

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

Butane

Solubility in water 0,1 - 100 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

Propane

Solubility in water 0,1 - 100 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

Ethylbenzene

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

Methanol

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

Acetone

Rapidly degradable

Methyl acetate

Solubility in water 243500 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

N-butyl acetate

Solubility in water 5,3 g/l

Rapidly degradable

Isobutane

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,12

BCF 25,9

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,2

Butane

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,09

Propane

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,09

Ethylbenzene

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,6

W508 - CERAMIC BASED SHIELD 400 ml AMBRO-SOL**SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>**

Methanol
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0,77
BCF 0,2

Acetone
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0,23
BCF 3

Methyl acetate
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,18

N-butyl acetate
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,3
BCF 15,3

12.4. Mobility in soil

Xylene (mixture of isomers)
Partition coefficient: soil/water 2,73

Methyl acetate
Partition coefficient: soil/water 0,18

N-butyl acetate
Partition coefficient: soil/water < 3

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Product residues are to be considered special hazardous waste.
Empty cans, even if completely emptied, must not be dispersed in the environment.
The aerosol container overheated to a temperature above 50Å ° C can burst even if it contains a small residue of gas.
Disposal must take place in an authorized place and in compliance with the laws in force.
Waste transportation can be subject to ADR.

European waste catalog number (contaminated containers):
The aerosol as domestic waste is excluded from the application of the aforementioned standard.
The exhausted aerosol for professional / industrial use can be classified:
15.01.10 *: packaging containing residues of dangerous substances or contaminated by these substances.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.
Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.
Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.
CONTAMINATED PACKAGING
Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information**14.1. UN number**

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: AEROSOLS
IMDG: AEROSOLS
IATA: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

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SECTION 15. Regulatory information ... / >>

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Gas 1A	Flammable gas, category 1A
Aerosol 1	Aerosol, category 1
Aerosol 3	Aerosol, category 3
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Press. Gas	Pressurised gas
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Liquefied gas
Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity, category 3
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 1
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may burst if heated.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit

W508 - CERAMIC BASED SHIELD 400 ml AMBRO-SOL**SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>**

- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

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2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
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4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
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14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

08 / 13.